

# Metadata

**CLS Infra Summerschool Prague 2022** 

# **Corpus Counting**



- Corpora used for two purposes:
  - Finding things
  - Counting things
- Mostly in context
  - You want to find word by a certain speaker, a certain play, etc.
  - You typically want to compare numbers when counting
  - Only for pe. pure syntax just occurrences

# **Comparing Numbers**



- There are 57 occurrences of "yea" in Dracor Shakespeare
  - Is that a lot?
  - There are 53 per million words
  - Compared to 307 occurrences of even
  - It occurs in 26 of the 37 plays at least once
  - Most frequently in Cymbeline (5 times)
- Numbers are always relevant
  - Compare occurences in one type of context with those in another
  - We need to know things about the text : metadata

# **Spreadsheets**



- Traditionally, metadata were kept in spreadsheet
  - Rows with the title or filename, plus some relevant fields
  - Sometimes no information was kept at all
  - Easy to misplace, misalign, misinterpret
- Only works for text-level metadata
  - Name of the speaker in a play
  - Number of the chapter in a book
- XML based metadata in corpora
  - <text title="Cymbeline">

### Metadata in TEI/XML



• Metadata kept together with the transcription

<TEI>
<teiHeader/>
metadata
<text/>
<text/>
<facsimile/><standOff/><sourceDoc/><fsdDeci
</TEI>

# **Dublin Core**



- 15 standard fields to keep about text sources
  - Although moved to linked (open) data
- Creator, Contributor, Publisher, Title, Date, Language, Format, Subject, Description, Identifier, Relation, Source, Type, Coverage, and Rights
  - Basically a spreadsheet
- Not always simple
  - Alternative titles
  - Date of various versions of the text
  - Multiple languages

### teiHeader



### • Very expressive way to define metadata

- Multiple layers with (relatively) strict definitions
- Soft standard: multiple ways to express the same thing

#### <teiHeader>

### profileDesc



#### < profileDesc >

<langUsage/> <textDesc/> <textClass/> </ profileDesc> The language(s) in the text Description text – channel, purpose, etc. Classification text – genre, taxonomy, etc.

### fileDesc



#### < fileDesc >

</ fileDesc>

#### <titleStmt/> <sourceDesc/> <notesStmt/> <editionStmt/><

Main bibliographic: title, author, date Description source transcribed in the file Anything else (often unstructured data) (extent/><publicationStmt/><seriesStmt/>

### sourceDesc



#### < sourceDesc >

<br/><bibl/>
Bibliography source – title, author, date, IDs<br/>
<recordingStmt/><listPerson/><msDesc/></sourceDesc>

### Which Metadata



- XML is gracefully degrading
  - You can leave out or add info without breaking anything
- Keep ALL the info you have about a file
  - Even data you have for only one file in your corpus
  - In the teiHeader you can never loose the data
- GDPR
  - Technically speaking, you cannot legally build corpora
  - Copyright rules force you to keep data about the author
  - Privacy rules forbid you to store identifying information

### **XPath Definitions**



- Each TEITOK project defines the relevant fields by XPath
  - Language to specify nodes in XML files
- Define which fields to be editable in the interface
  - Possibly with predefined values (dropdown select)
- Define which fields to export to the searchable corpus
  - With definitions of the type of field to define the search

# **XPath**



- XPath defines the hierarchical position of a node
  - Much like the file path for a file on your computer
  - C:\Documents\Newsletters\CLSInfra.pdf
  - /TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/sourceDesc/bibI/title
- Results are always list
  - There can be multiple/TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/sourceDesc/bibl/title
- Double slashes are used for "any number of levels down"
  - //tok refers to any <tok> node in the XML
  - //teiHeader//title refers to any <title> inside a <teiHeader> somewhere
- Node restrictions (attributes) between square brackets
  - //title[@level="a"] refers to any <title level="a">

# XPath (2)



### Relative positions

- . refers to the current node, .. to the parent of the current node
- //p/..//tok refers to any <tok> inside the parent of a node
- Restrictions can be based on children
  - //p[tok[@lemma="walk"]]
    - refers to any that has a child <tok lemma="walk">
- Axes
  - //tok[@id="w-10"]/preceding::lb
    - refers to the <lb> preceding <tok id="w-10>
- Any single column refers to a namespace tei:tok

### **Below text level**



- Parts of texts can have metadata as well
  - In TEITOK any collection of tokens (but nothing below)
- Attributes over nodes around <tok>
  - <I metric="-+|-+">To be or not to be</l>
- For defined region types you can define attributes
  - View the text line by line
  - With metadata (attribute-value pairs) below them
- XML Layout editor (TEITOK)

# **Stand-Off**



- Various types of text analyses can be self-overlapping
  - Un gran hombre pequeño
  - <pair>gran hombre</pair>
  - <pair>hombre pequeño</pair>
- Solved by using stand-off annotations over tokens
  - Identified by IDs
  - <seg corresp="#w-2 #w-3" position="pre"/>
- Can be disjoing
  - The coat of the man in the livingroom was red
  - <seg corresp="#w-2 #10" position="predicative"/>

### **Corpus Export**



- (Selected) XML regions exported over sequences of tokens
  - Flat structure with a simple name
    - /TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/titleStmt/author => <text author="XXX"/>
  - Always calculated explicitly in case of implicit/referenced values
- Empty nodes can be exported as full regions
  - <lb n="1"/> <tok>... => <lb n="1"><tok>...</tok></lb>
- Standoff can be exported as full regions
  - <seg corresp="#w-10" type="1"/>
    - <anno type="1"><tok id="w-10">word</tok></anno>

# **CLS Infra Corpus**



XPath	Display	CQP Field
/TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/titleStmt/title	Title	title
/TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/titleStmt/author	Author	author
/TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/titleStmt/date/@when	Year	year
/TEI/teiHeader/profileDesc/textClass	Text type	type
/TEI/teiHeader/profileDesc/langUsage/language/@ident	Language (ISO)	lang
/TEI/teiHeader/fileDesc/titleStmt/respStmt/resp[@n="editor"]	Editor	editor